

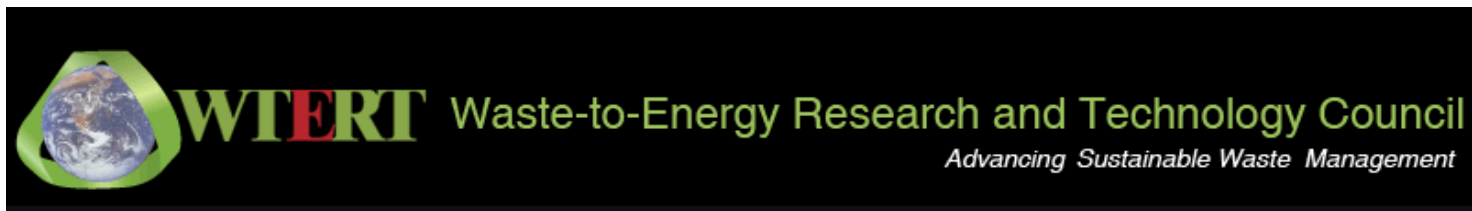
**WTERT 2010 Bi-Annual Meeting, Columbia University
New York City, October 7 and 8, 2010**

WTERT-UK Opportunities and Barriers

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Waste to Energy (WtE) technologies in the UK

Management of MSW

Drivers for change

Current status of WtE

Barriers to increasing WtE

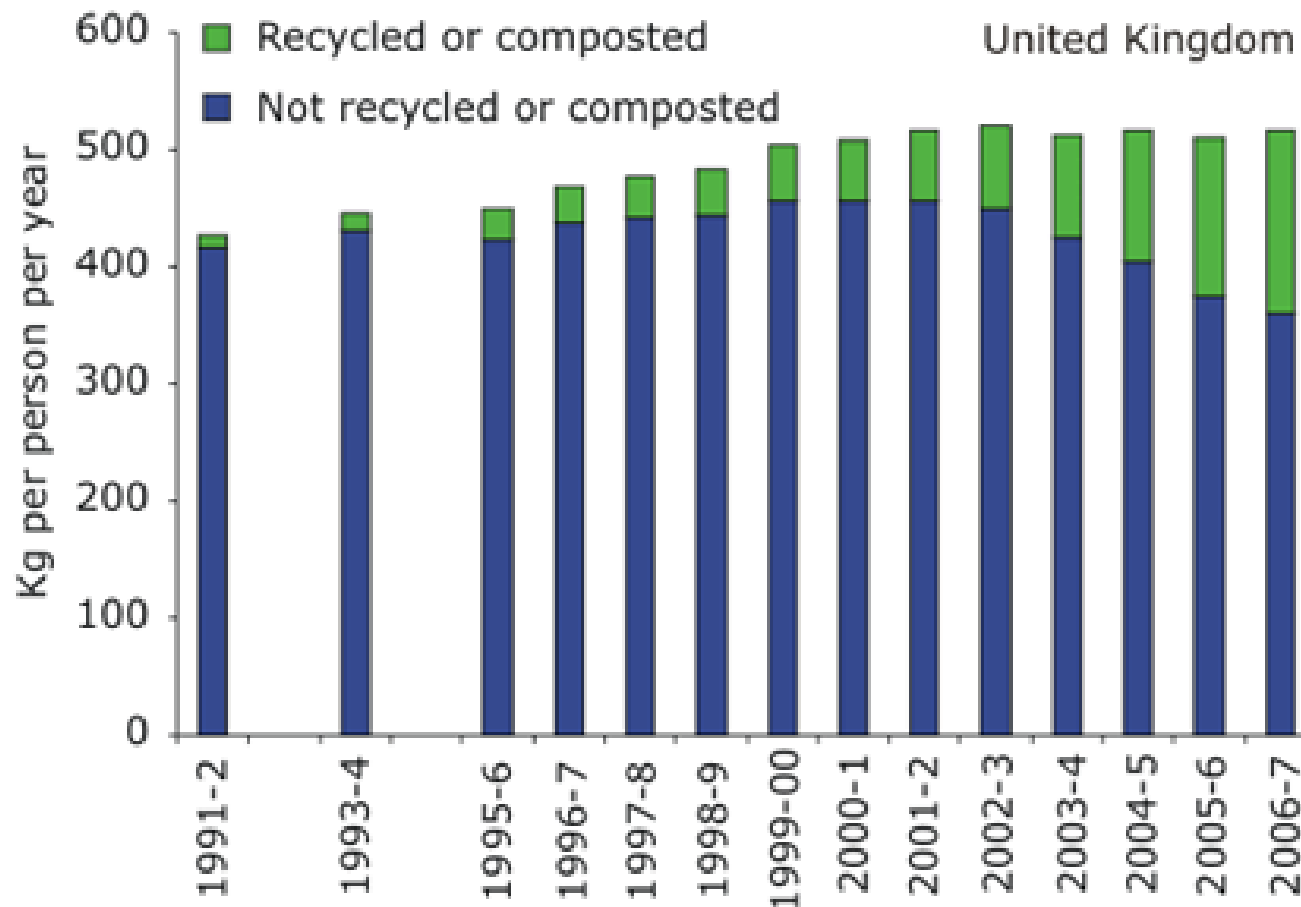
WTERT-UK

Conclusions

Management of MSW in the UK

Current MSW production in the UK

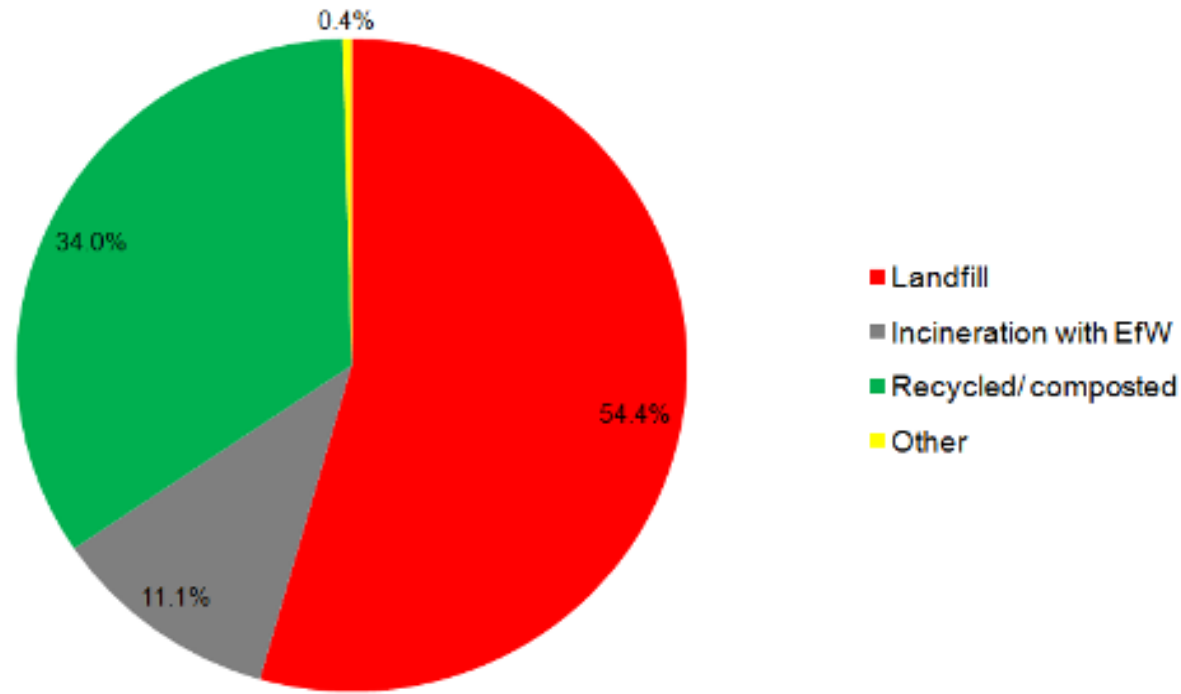
31 million tonnes of MSW from England and Wales = 509 Kg per person
Average annual increase was 3.3% but now at about 0.5%



Source: Defra, EH, SEPA, WAG

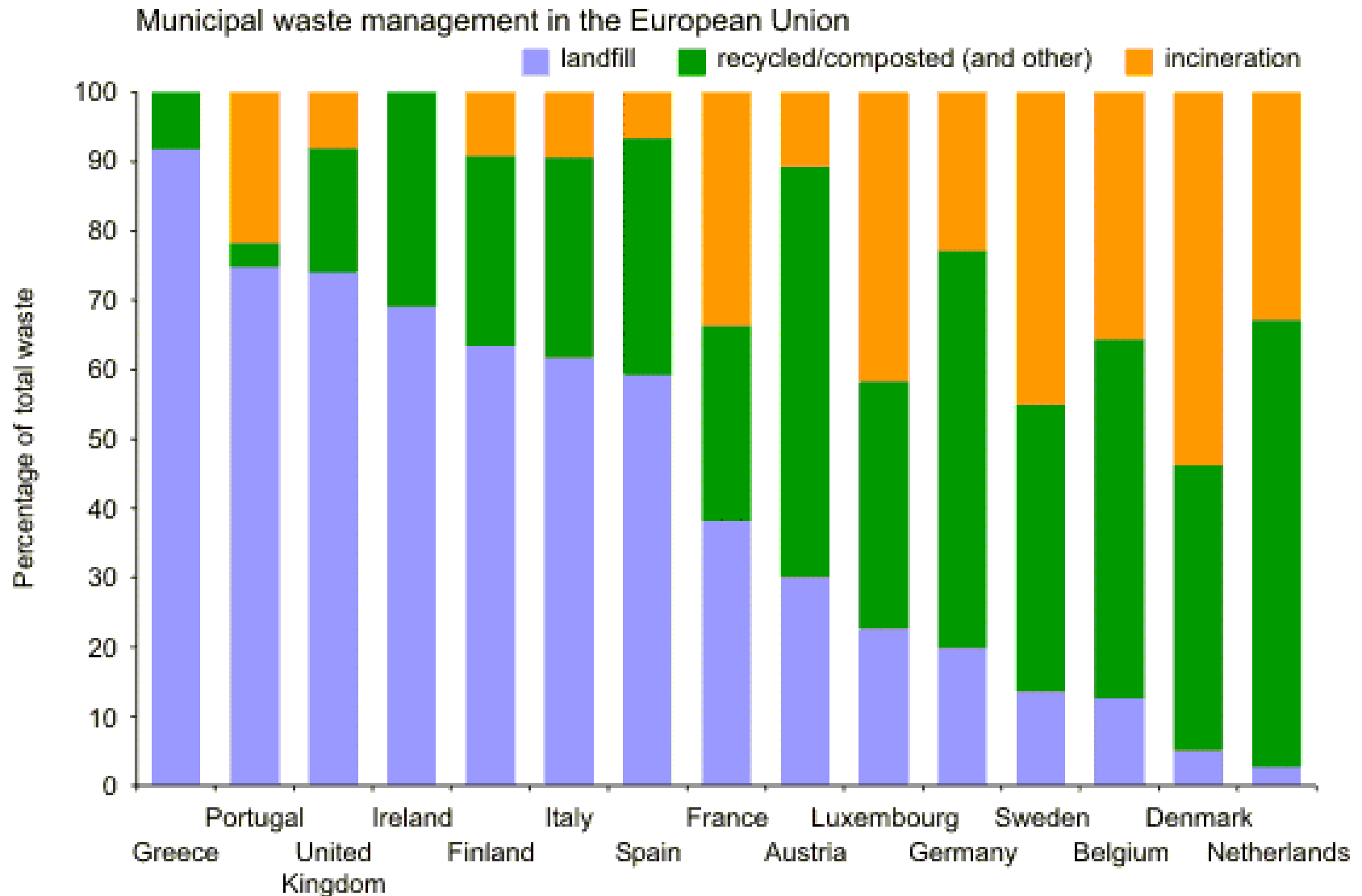
MSW management in England and Wales 2007/8

	Tonnes (x10 ⁶)	Percent %
Landfill	15.5	54.4
Incineration (EfW)	3.2	11.1
Recycled/composted	9.7	34.0



Source: Defra

Comparison with other EU countries



Source: Eurostat

Drivers for change

Reduction of biodegradable municipal waste sent to landfill:

2010 - reduce biodegradable waste to landfill to 75% of 1995 levels

2013 - reduce biodegradable waste to landfill to 50% of 1995 levels

2020 - reduce biodegradable waste to landfill to 35% of 1995 levels

Ban co-disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes

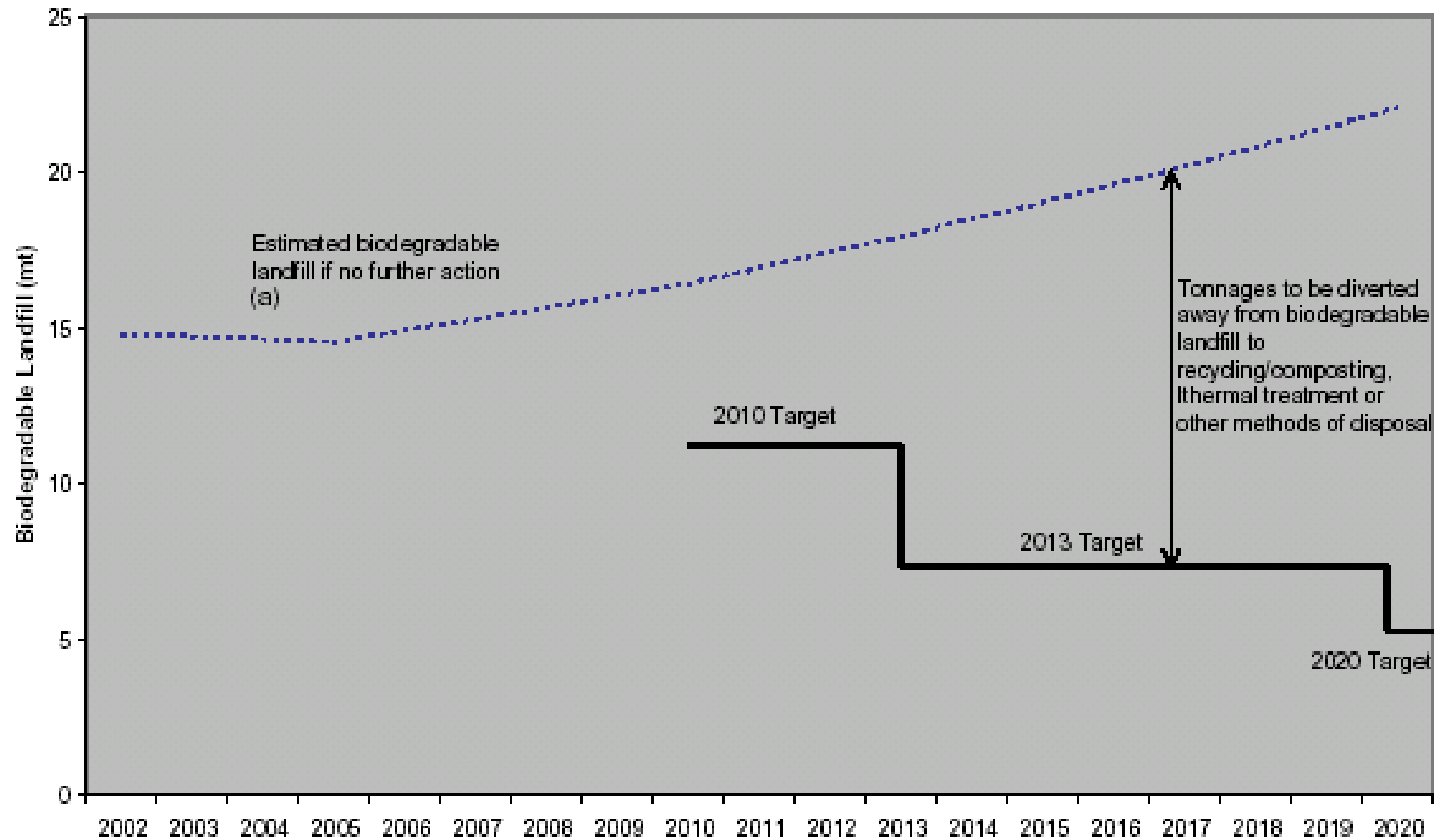
Require separate landfills for hazardous, non-hazardous and inert wastes

Ban on landfill of tyres (whole tyres by 2003, shredded tyres by 2006)

Ban on landfill of liquid, infectious and certain hazardous wastes

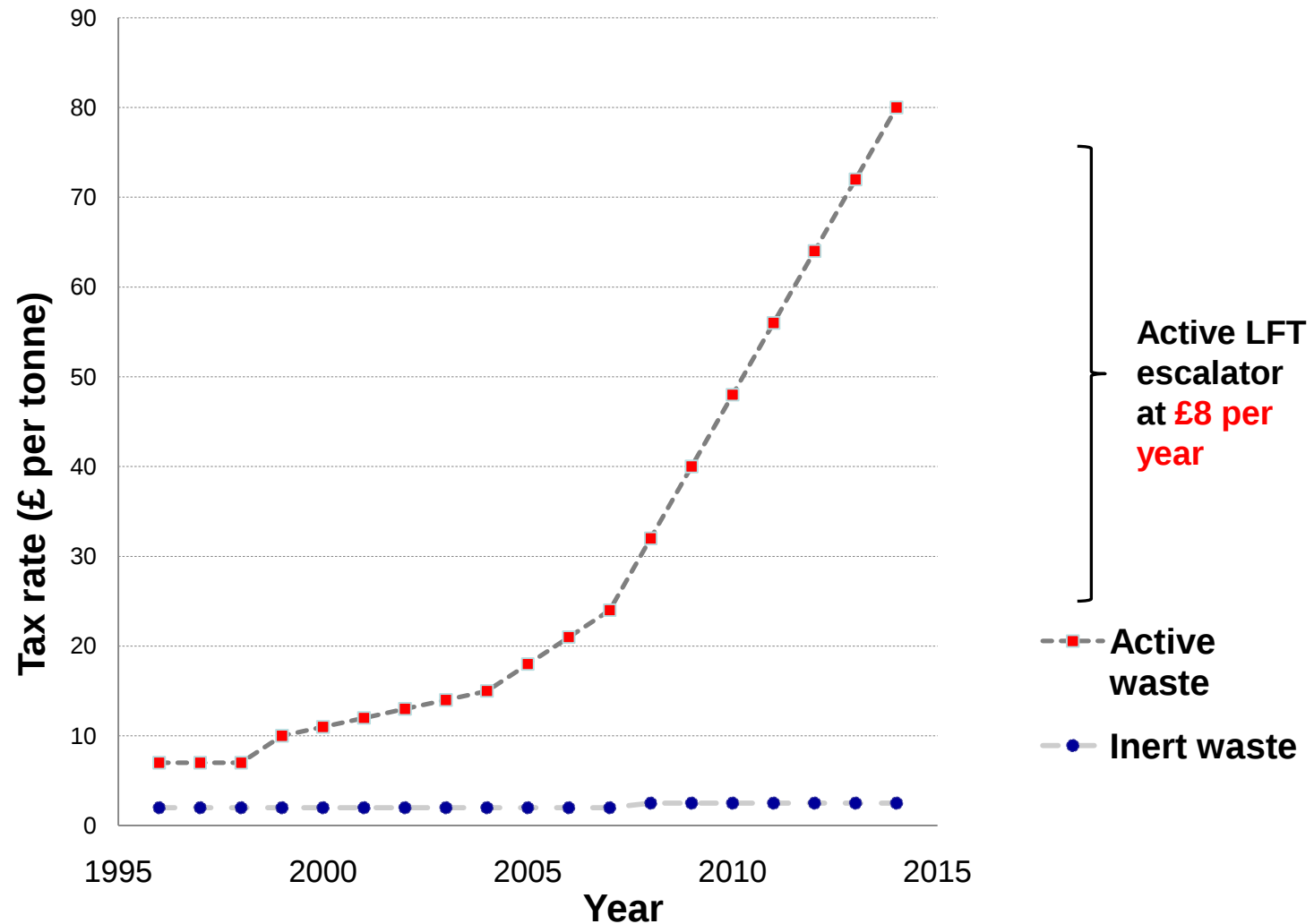
Provisions on the control, monitoring, reporting and closure

Diversion of biodegradable waste



Source: Strategy Unit analysis

UK Landfill tax



Landfill tax on MSW will increase to £80 per tonne by 2014

UK Waste policy

Waste strategy for England 2007

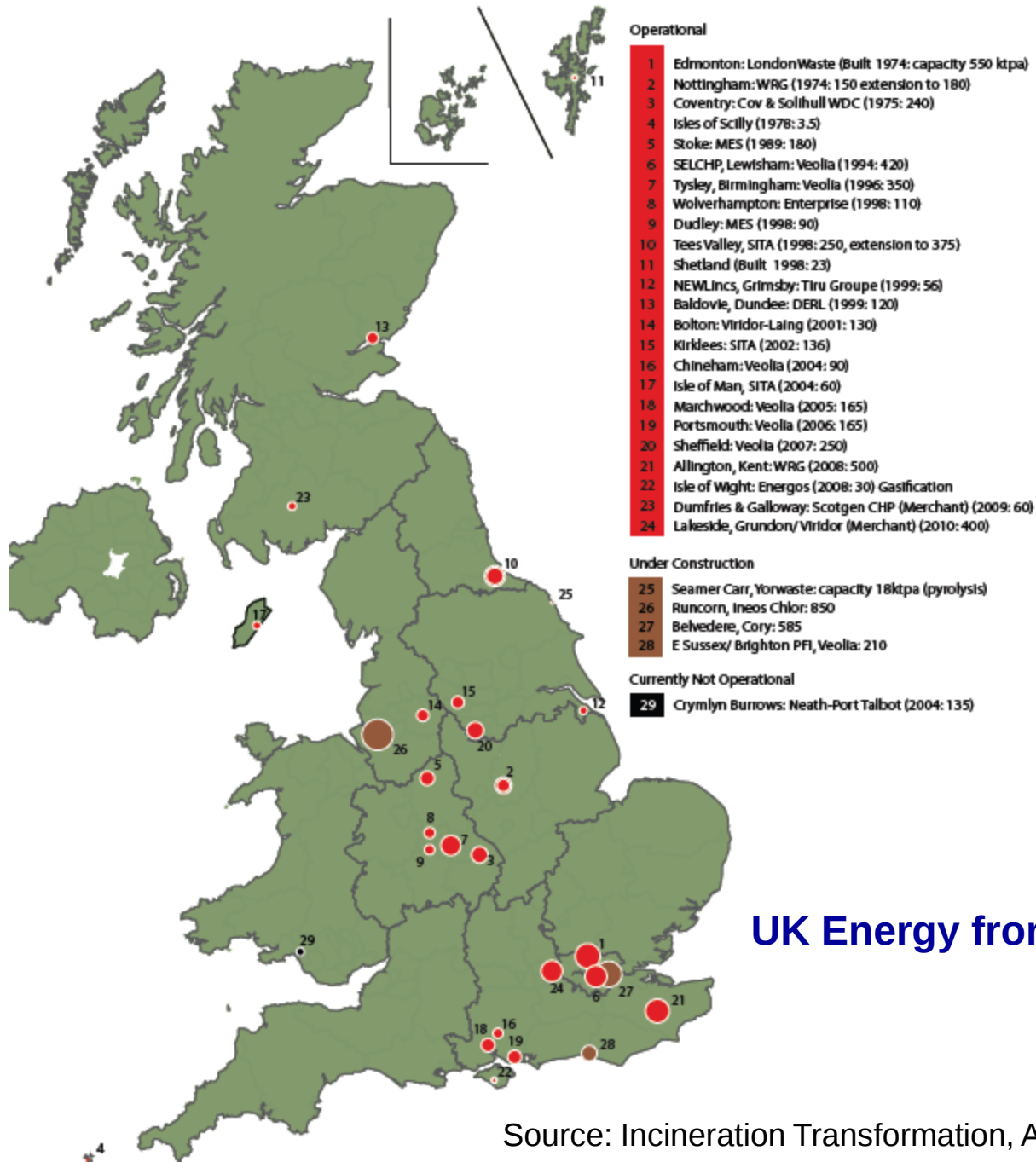
Decouple waste growth from economic growth and put more emphasis on waste prevention and re-use;

Meet and exceed the Landfill Directive diversion targets for biodegradable municipal waste in 2010, 2013 and 2020;

Secure investment in infrastructure to divert waste from landfill and for the management of hazardous waste;

Get the most environmental benefit through **increased recycling of resources and recovery of energy from residual waste using a mix of technologies.**

Current status of Waste to Energy in the UK



UK Energy from waste (EfW) plants

MSW Incineration plants in the UK

Plant	Company	Scale (tpa)	Electrical Energy
Edmonton	London Waste	500,000	32MW
Allington	WRG	500,000	43MW
SELCHP	SELCHP/Veolia	420,000	32MW
Tysesley	Tyseley Waste/Veolia	350,000	25MW
Cleveland	Sita	245,000	20MW
Coventry	Coventry/Solihull WDC	240,000	18MW
Sheffield	Veolia	225,000	+ Heat 39MW
Stoke	MES Environmental	200,000	13MW
Marchwood	Veolia	165,000	14MW
Portsmouth	Veolia	165,000	14MW
Nottingham	Veolia	150,000	+ Heat 20MW
Kirklees	Sita	136,000	9MW
Dundee	Dundee Energy Recycling	120,000	83MW
Wolverhampton	MES Environmental	105,000	7MW
Dudley	MES Environmental	90,000	7MW
Chineham	Veolia	90,000	7MW
Isle of Man	Sita	60,000	6MW

South East London Combined Heat and Power

Imperial College
London



Veolia EfW plant Southampton

Imperial College
London



New Grundon/Viridor Lakeside EfW plant



400,000 tonnes capacity, operating from 2010



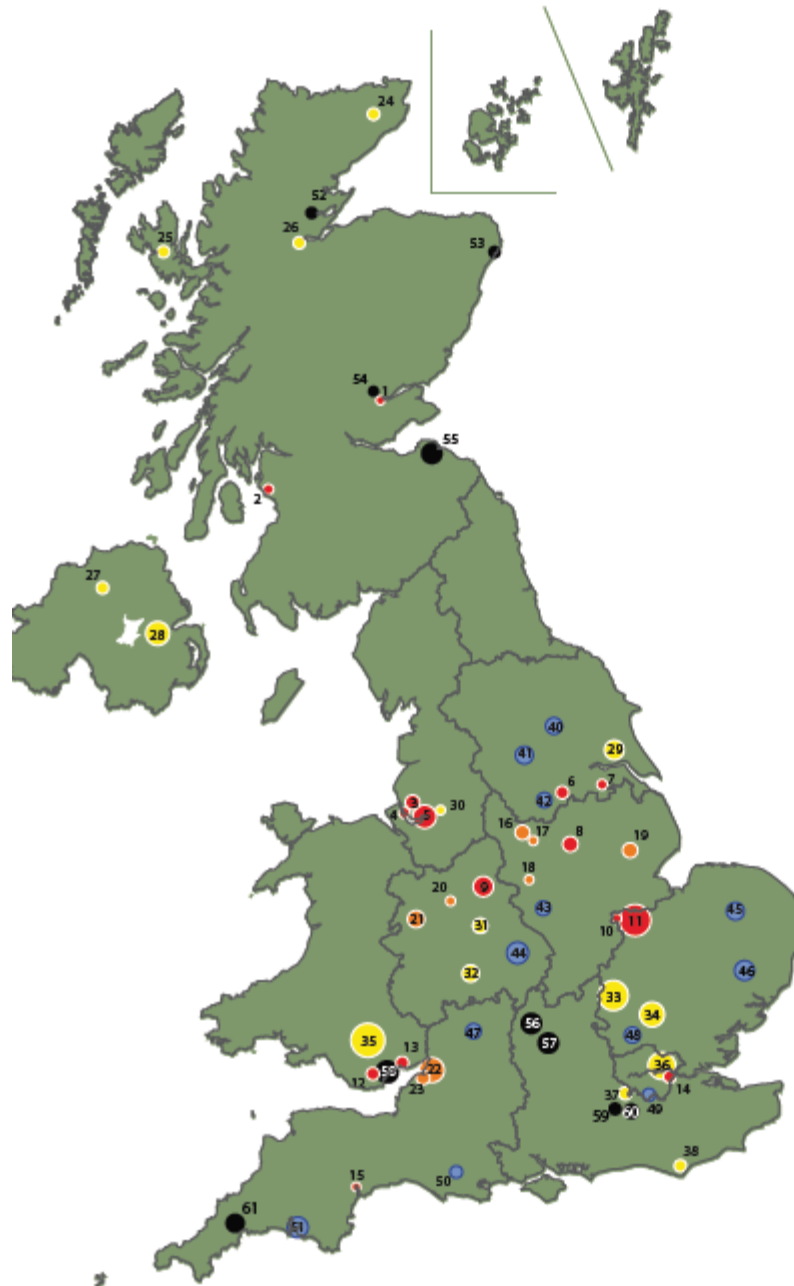
Number of plants in Europe

	Number of facilities	MSW Treated Mtonnes per year
France	130	12.3
Germany	67	17.8
Italy	51	4.0
Sweden	30	4.5
Switzerland	29	3.6
UK	21	4.4
Norway	20	0.8
Belgium	16	2.6
Netherlands	11	5.8
Spain	10	1.8
Austria	8	1.6
Portugal	3	1.0
Finland	1	0.05
Poland	1	0.05

<http://www.cewep.eu/>

Data from CEWEP (Confederation of European Waste to Energy Plants)

Barriers to increasing WtE in the UK



Planning Permission Granted

- 1 SITA, Perth (Mer) (Capacity 60ktpa)
- 2 BioGen N Ayrshire (Mer G) (80ktpa)
- 3 European Metals Recycling, Bootle (Mer) (137.5)
- 4 BioGen Knowsley (Mer G) (95)
- 5 New Earth Energy/ Biossence, Mersey Green Solutions (Mer G) (400)
- 6 BioGen, Doncaster (Mer G) (120)
- 7 Singleton Birch, N. Lincs (Mer) (80)
- 8 Nottinghamshire, Veolia (PFI) (180)
- 9 Staffordshire (PFI) (300)
- 10 Peterborough (65)
- 11 PREL, Peterborough (Mer G) (650)
- 12 Sterecycle, Cardiff (Mer) (124)
- 13 BioGen Newport (Mer G) (120)
- 14 Biossence, Dagenham (Mer G) (100)
- 15 Viridor: Exeter (Municipal) (60)

Planning application submitted, no decision

- 16 Derbs, United Utilities (PPP G) (140)
- 17 Cyclamax, Chesterfield (Mer G) (60)
- 18 Cyclamax, Derby (Mer G) (60)
- 19 Lincolnshire (Mun) (150)
- 20 SITA, Telford and Wrekin (Mer) (62)
- 21 Shropshire, Veolia (PFI) (190)
- 22 SITA, Avonmouth (Mer) (400)
- 23 Cyclamax, Avonmouth (Mer G) (120)

In planning

- 24 Caithness: Highland 1 (Mun)
- 25 Skye: Highland 2 (Mun)
- 26 Inverness: Highland 3 (Mun)
- 27 Derry etc., NWRWMG (Mun)
- 28 Belfast etc., Arc21 (Mun) (370)
- 29 Hull & E Yorks/ WRG (PFI) (250)
- 30 Warrington (Mun) (60)
- 31 Sandwell (Mun G) (138)
- 32 Hereford & Worcs, MerciaWaste (PFI) (19)
- 33 Covanta for Bucks (PFI) (585)
- 34 Biffa, Herts (Mer) (400)
- 35 Covanta, Merthyr Tydfil (Mer) (750)
- 36 British Airways for biofuel (Mer G) (500)
- 37 SurreyWaste-SITA, Sharpness (PFI G) (60)
- 38 Biossence, East Sussex (Mer G) (95)

PFI Reference Case

- 40 York/ N Yorks
- 41 Leeds
- 42 Bamsley, Doncaster, Rotherham
- 43 Leicestershire
- 44 Coventry, Solihull, Warwick
- 45 Norfolk
- 46 Suffolk
- 47 Gloucestershire
- 48 Hertfordshire
- 49 South London
- 50 Dorset
- 51 Devon, Plymouth, Torbay

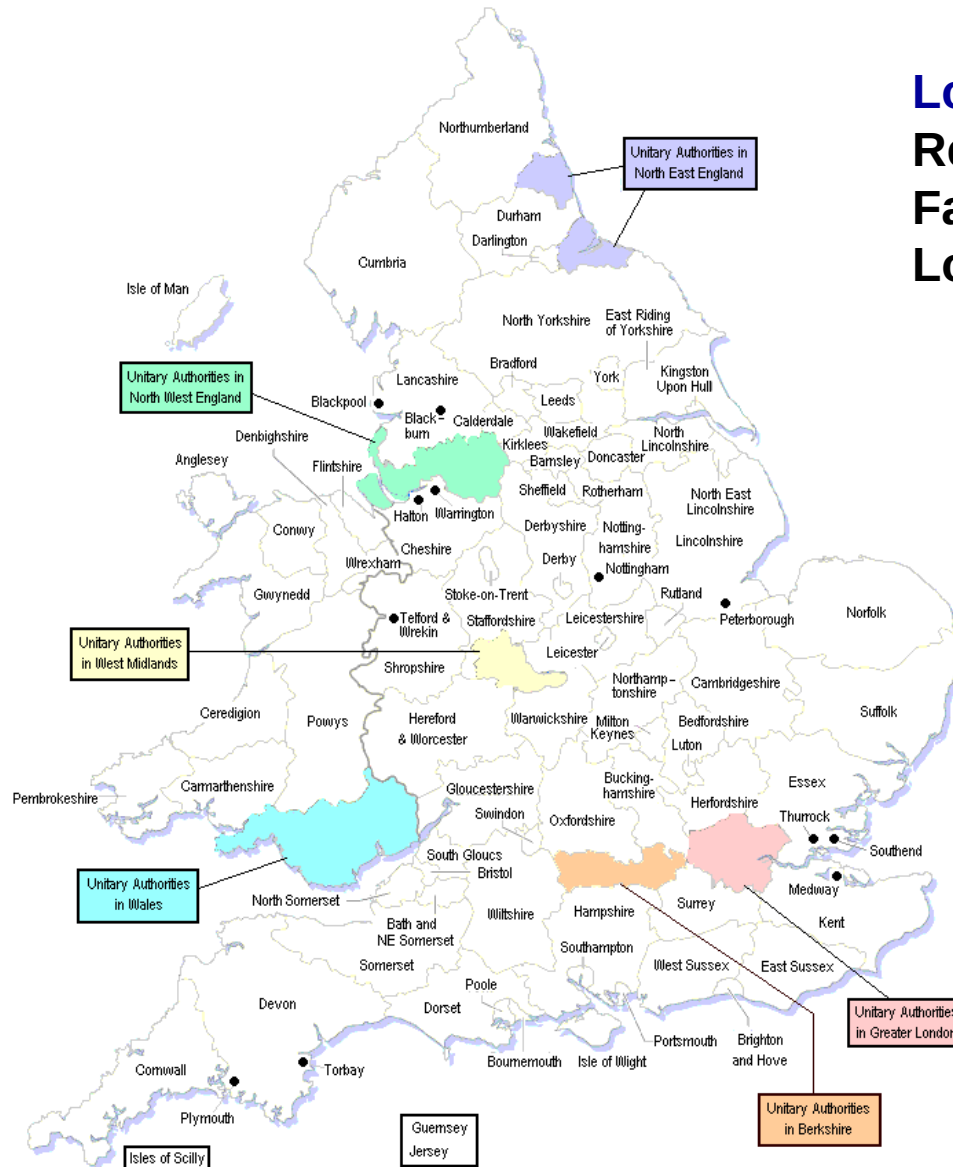
Planning Application Rejected/ Withdrawn

- 52 Combined Power and Heat, (Mer)
- 53 Buchan CHP, Peterhead (Mer) (100)
- 54 Grondon, Perth (Mer)
- 55 Viridor Oxwellmains, Dunbar (Mun)
- 56 WRG for Oxfordshire (PPP)
- 57 Viridor for Oxfordshire (PPP)
- 58 Viridor, Cardiff (Mer)
- 59 Surrey Waste-SITA, Capel (PFI)
- 60 Surrey Waste-SITA, Trumps Farm (PFI)
- 61 Cornwall-SITA (PFI)

New proposed WtE facilities

Source: Incineration Transformation,
A.Metcalf, CIWM, June 2010

Local Authorities and the Environment Agency



Local authorities:

**Responsible for MSW management;
Facilities and infrastructure needs;
Location of facilities.**

Environment Agency:

**Issue permit to operate;
Regulate plant performance;
Input into planning process.**

Local opposition - well organized and high profile



Michael Warhurst, senior campaigner at Friends of the Earth:

It's insane for the government and local councils to waste taxpayers' money on expensive pollution-belching rubbish burners.

Incineration is a problem for climate change, not a solution, and will send valuable recyclable resources up in smoke.

The Government should abandon this wasteful and old-fashioned technology by stopping all incinerator funding and investing in real green alternatives.

<http://ukwin.org.uk>

<http://ukwin.org.uk/knowledge-bank/incineration/the-story-behind-the-map/>

incineration uk

Search

About 298,000 results (0.12 seconds)

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Pages from the UK



[Incineration - Environmental Services Association](#)

Currently, 2.8 million tonnes (9%) of municipal waste and 100000 tonnes (3%) of hazardous waste is treated in incineration facilities in the UK. ...

www.esauk.org/waste/incineration/ - [Cached](#) - [Similar](#)

[UK Without Incineration Network](#)

UK Without Incineration Network. ... Welcome to the website of the United Kingdom

Without Incineration Network (UKWIN). For 20 working days a year you can ...

www.ukwin.org.uk/ - [Cached](#)

[parl 149 - Incineration of Household Waste \(PDF 47 KB - POST 149](#)

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - [Quick View](#)

Incineration in waste management. BACKGROUND. Each year UK households ... 2 many countries recycle and incinerate a larger proportion of waste than the UK. ...

www.parliament.uk/post/pn149.pdf - [Similar](#)

[parl Pollution and health impacts of waste incinerators](#)

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - [Quick View](#)

Local authorities in the UK are now stampeding towards huge incineration plants, capable of burning 200000 tonnes or more of rubbish per annum, ...

www.greenpeace.org.uk/MultimediaFiles/Live/FullReport/3809.PDF - [Similar](#)

[Incineration | Environment | guardian.co.uk](#)

UN incineration plans rejected by world's rubbish-dump workers ... 16 Mar 2010: Report for UK government refutes persistent claims that recycling is a waste ...

www.guardian.co.uk/environment/incineration - [Cached](#) - [Similar](#)

[Environment Agency - Waste Incineration Directive](#)

27 Sep 2010 ... The Waste Incineration Directive is implemented through Environmental Permitting Regulations in England and Wales. ...

www.environment-agency.gov.uk/business/.../31969.aspx - [Cached](#) - [Similar](#)

[Chesterfield Against Incineration](#)

Chesterfield Against Incineration. Last Updated: 23/09/10 ... iChesterfield - PAIN - People Against Incineration - UK Without Incineration Network ...

www.againstincineration.org.uk/ - [Cached](#) - [Similar](#)

[Hatfield Anti Incineration](#)

Contact us. info@hatfield-anti-incineration.co.uk - Image: dan / FreeDigitalPhotos.net.

Links. UK Without Incineration Network - Herts WithOut Waste ...

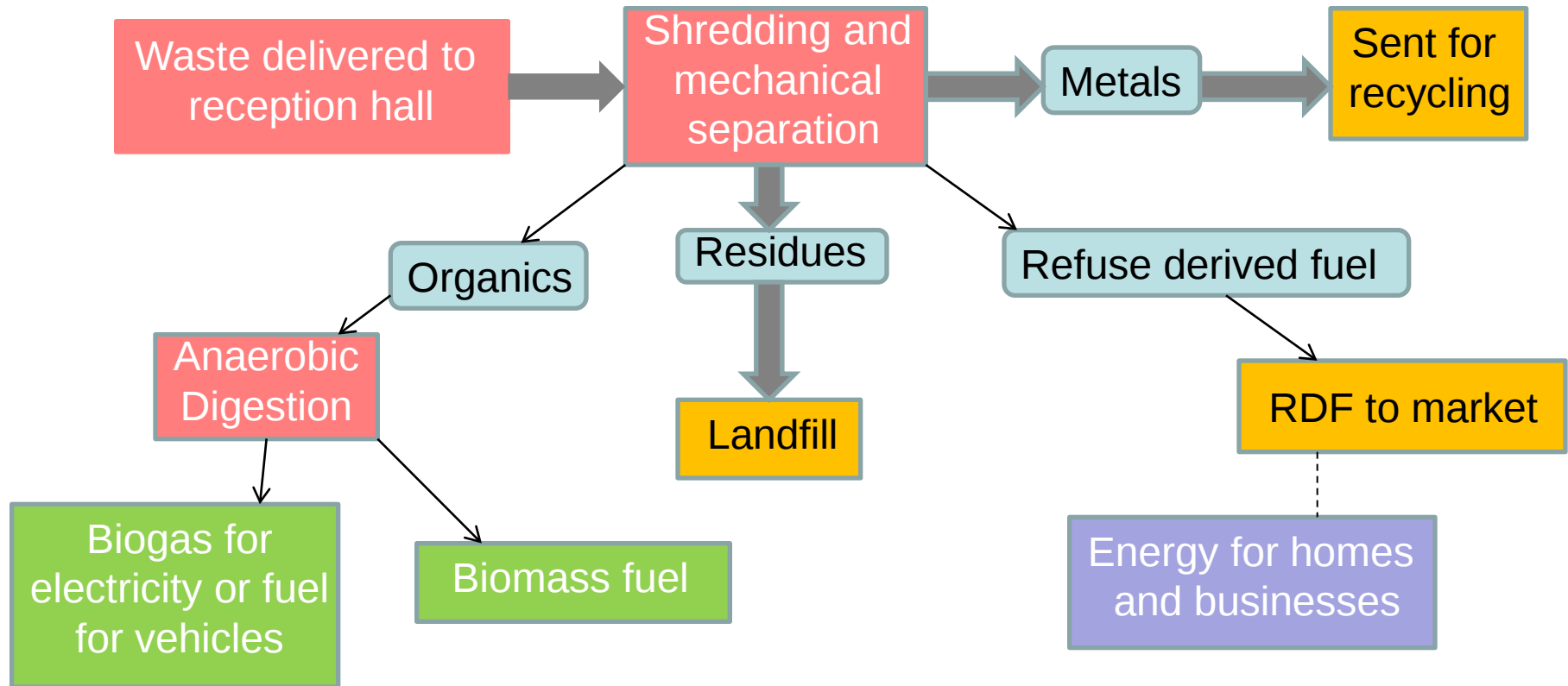
www.hatfield-anti-incineration.co.uk/ - [Cached](#)

[BALI Bexhill Against Landfill & Incineration: stop the landfill ...](#)

A campaign group opposing the proposal for a landfill site at Ashdown Brickworks. News,

Mechanical Biological Treatment

Alternative to mass burn energy from waste plants



Producing RDF or Solid Recovered Fuel (SRF)

450,000 Tonnes of SRF currently produced in the UK (9 large facilities)

About 1.5 million tonnes SRF capacity planned (19 facilities)

SRF mainly used in cement kilns

WTERT-UK

Aims and objectives of WTER-T-UK

The aim of WTER-T-UK is to:

Increase UK recovery of energy and materials from wastes

This will be achieved by meeting the following objectives:

Promoting the best available technologies for the treatment of wastes;

Developing a WTER-T-UK website providing unbiased information;

Collaborating with groups working on various aspects of waste management in the UK and throughout the WTER-T sister organizations.

Optimum solution as for CEWEP



Conclusions

- Significant existing UK WtE capacity with excellent track record;**
- WtE is expected to increase significantly in the UK;**
- Major barrier is public opinion and effect of this local authorities;**
- Industry has a great product but poor marketing in the UK;**
- Well organized and high profile anti-incineration UK network;**
- Results in significant barriers to further development;**
- Key role of WTERT-UK to provide unbiased information.**

Thanks to WTERT and Professor Nickolas Themelis

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